

Santa Fe Springs, CA

Case Study Comparison

Measure Y General Sales Tax

Lompoc City Council

August 22, 2019

Lompoc, CA & Santa Fe Springs, CA

Demographic/socio-economic data comparison

Santa Fe Springs (LA County)

- Population: ~17,800
- Median Age: 36
- 2018 per capita income: \$23,510
- Persons in poverty: 14%
- Unemployment rate: 4.6%
- Educational Attainment
 - HS graduate/ equivalent: 79%
 - Bachelor's degree or higher: 16%

Lompoc (SB County)

- Population: ~43,000
- Median Age: 32
- 2018 per capita income: \$21,370
- Persons in poverty: 20%
- Unemployment rate: 4.1%
- Educational Attainment
 - HS graduate/ equivalent: 76%
 - Bachelor's degree or higher: 13%



Lompoc, CA & Santa Fe Springs, CA

Demographic/socio-economic data comparison

Santa Fe Springs (LA County)

- Between 2016 & 2017 population grew from 17,436 to 17, 669 (1.34% increase)
- Per capita income grew from \$14,547 in 2000 to \$23,510 in 2018 (38% increase)
- Median property value: \$409,000
- Homeownership rate: 64%
- Average car ownership: 2 per household
- Average commute: 29 minutes

Lompoc (SB County)

- Between 2016 & 2017 population grew from 43,678 to 43,762 (0.19% increase)
- Per capita income grew from \$15,509 to \$21,370 in 2018 (27% increase)
- Median property value: \$269,000
- Homeownership rate: 43%
- Average car ownership: 2 per household
- Average commute: 23 minutes

Measure Y

Santa Fe Springs, CA (LA County)

- On November 2018 ballot
- Sunset: None
- Passed with 75% approval
- 1 cent general use sales tax
- Sales tax now 10.50% (higher than the state maximum of 10.25%)
- 19 cities (including Long Beach, Glendale, Santa Monica, Pasedena) are all at state cap 10.5%
 - Many cities are increasing local sales tax to state max so to avoid other ballot measures from the county/ state



Measure Y Ballot Question

Santa Fe Springs, CA (LA County)

To maintain quality neighborhoods and effective 911
 emergency response services by retaining firefighters,
 police officers, and paramedics; fixing potholes/streets;
 maintaining senior services, parks, library services, after
 school programs, community events, and graffiti removal
 shall a one cent transactions and use tax available for
 general municipal revenue purposes be collected in the City
 of Santa Fe Springs generating approximately \$12.8 million
 annually, until ended by voters, requiring annual audits,
 with all funds controlled locally?



Measure Y

- Loss of redevelopment agencies (state funding cuts) City has already cut programs and 25% of workforce in the past 6 years
- To preserve essential city services, Measure Y is estimated to bring in \$12.8 million
- Santa Fe Springs faces a \$5.8 million deficit
- Santa Fe Springs City Council unanimously voted to place Measure Y on the Ballot (Neighborhood Safety and Essential City Services Protection)



Senate Bill 703

Santa Fe Springs, CA (LA County)

- To push past State cap SF Springs sought legislation by State Senator Nancy Skinner, D- Berkeley: proposed a bill raising tax in Alameda County, Santa Clara County, and Santa Fe Springs
- Senate Bill No. 703 Chapter 651 (approved October 10, 2017)
 - Transactions & use taxes: Counties of Alameda and Santa Clara and City of Santa Fe Springs
 - Existing law authorizes cities and counties to a levy a general or specific transactions and use tax where the combined rate of all taxes in the county not exceed 2%
 - SB Bill 703 authorizes Santa Fe Springs to impose a general use tax at a rate of no more than 1% that in combination with other transaction and use taxes exceeds the combined rate limit of 2%
 - SB Bill 703 will repeal the authorization on 12/31/22 if an ordinance proposing the said tax is NOT approved by the city (Measure Y approved Nov. 2018)



Senate Bill 703

Santa Fe Springs, CA (LA County)

• SB Bill 703 authorizes the transactions and use tax for Santa Fe Springs to support citywide programs at a rate of no more than 1% (Measure Y) that exceeds the state limit of 10.25% so long as:

 The city adopts an ordinance proposing the transactions and use tax by any applicable voting approval requirement.

 The ordinance proposing the transactions and use tax is submitted to the electorate and is approved by the voters voting on the ordinance pursuant to Article XIII C of the California Constitution.

 The transactions and use tax conforms to the Transactions and Use Tax Law (Part 1.6 (commencing with Section 7251)), other than Section 7251.1.



